

# Mining Temporal Networks

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## ABSTRACT

Networks (or graphs) are used to represent and analyze large datasets of objects and their relations. Naturally, real-world networks have a temporal component: for instance, interactions between objects have a timestamp and a duration. In this tutorial we present models and algorithms for mining temporal networks, i.e., network data with temporal information. We overview different models used to represent temporal networks. We highlight the main differences between static and temporal networks, and discuss the challenges arising from introducing the temporal dimension in the network representation. We present recent papers addressing the most well-studied problems in the setting of temporal networks, including computation of centrality measures, motif detection and counting, community detection and monitoring, event and anomaly detection, analysis of epidemic processes and influence spreading, network summarization, and structure prediction.

## CCS CONCEPTS

• Information systems → Data mining; • Networks → Network algorithms.

## KEYWORDS

data mining, graph mining, temporal networks

## ACM Reference Format:

Polina Rozenshtein and Aristides Gionis. 2019. Mining Temporal Networks. In *The 25th ACM SIGKDD Conference on Knowledge Discovery and Data Mining (KDD '19)*, August 4–8, 2019, Anchorage, AK, USA. ACM, New York, NY, USA, 2 pages. <https://doi.org/10.1145/3292500.3332295>

## TARGET AUDIENCE AND PREREQUISITES

The target audience for this tutorial is graduate students, researchers, and practitioners, who are interested in the analysis of networks with a temporal component. A basic familiarity with methods and concepts of network analysis is assumed. In the first part of the tutorial we broadly overview models and measures, thus, this part does not require any technical background. In the second part we cover problem formulations and algorithmic techniques. This part is targeted to researchers who (wish to) work in this research area, as well as developers and practitioners looking for solutions.

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KDD '19, August 4–8, 2019, Anchorage, AK, USA  
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ACM ISBN 978-1-4503-6201-6/19/08.  
<https://doi.org/10.1145/3292500.3332295>

## TUTORS

**Polina Rozenshtein** received a MSc and an PhD degrees from Aalto University, Espoo, Finland, in 2014 and 2018. Her PhD thesis is on the topic of Temporal Networks Analysis [27]. She is currently a senior data scientist at Nordea Data Science Lab, prior to that she was a post-doctoral researcher in Data Mining group of Computer Science Department at Aalto University. Her research interests include data mining, combinatorial optimization, dynamic graph mining, and social-networks analysis. She has published several papers on the topic of graph mining and temporal-network analysis. Her MSc thesis received an award by the Finnish Society of Computer Science for best MSc thesis in Finland in 2015. Her paper “Event detection in activity networks” received the best student paper award in ECML PKDD 2014.

**Aristides Gionis** is a professor in the department of Computer Science in Aalto University. He is currently a fellow in the ISI foundation, Turin. Previously he has been a senior research scientist and group leader in Yahoo! Research, Barcelona. He obtained his PhD in 2003 from Stanford University, USA. He is currently serving as an action editor in the Data Management and Knowledge Discovery journal (DMKD), an associate editor in the ACM Transactions on Knowledge Discovery from Data (TKDD), and an associate editor in the ACM Transactions on the Web (TWEB). He has contributed in several areas of data science, such as algorithmic data analysis, web mining, social-media analysis, data clustering, and privacy-preserving data mining. His current research is funded by the Academy of Finland (projects Nestor, Agra, AIDA) and the European Commission (project SoBigData).

## TUTORIAL OUTLINE

The total presentation time is 3 hours. The outline of the tutorial is as follows.

### Part one:

- (1) **Introduction [15 min]**
  - (a) Motivation and application areas.
  - (b) Main definitions and different types of temporal [6, 12, 13, 19, 23].
- (2) **Models of temporal networks [30 min]**
  - (a) Representation of temporality: static networks with aggregated temporal information [2]; dynamic and time-evolving networks with sequential updates [17]; sequences of network snapshots [1]; sequences of interactions with meta information [13].
  - (b) Combinatorial models: multi-graphs, labeled graphs, sets of temporal edges [23]; statistical models: generative models, parameter fitting [10, 16]; dynamical processes [4, 11].
- (3) **Characterization of temporal networks and efficient computation of network measures [30 min]**

- (a) Centrality, connectivity, density measures, paths, trees, subgraphs, cycles, motifs, etc. [13, 19].
- (b) Frequent patterns and episodes in temporal networks [14, 33].
- (c) Measures of regime change in temporal networks, rules of evolution, etc. [5, 15].

#### (4) Group work [15 min]

#### Part two:

#### (5) Algorithmic approaches [25 min]

- (a) Streaming model, sliding-window model, sequential updates [18, 22]
- (b) Theoretical foundations of network analysis [23]

#### (6) Data Mining problems [40 min]

- (a) Community detection [26, 30].
- (b) Event detection [3, 7, 9, 24, 28, 34].
- (c) Epidemics analysis and influence spreading [20, 25, 29, 35].
- (d) Network summarization [21, 31, 32].
- (e) Structural prediction [8, 36].

#### (7) Challenges, open problems, and trends [10 min]

#### (8) Group work [15 min]

## PREVIOUS EDITIONS AND SIMILAR TUTORIALS

This is a new tutorial and it has not been presented previously. To the best of our knowledge, a similar tutorial covering a broad range of topics in mining temporal networks has not been presented before. However, some parts of this tutorial overlap with previous tutorials that have been presented by other researchers. In particular, Part 4.1 on algorithmic approaches and streaming models is partially related to the tutorial on “Sampling, Sketching, Streaming, Small-Space Optimization: Algorithmic Approaches for Analyzing Large Graphs,”<sup>1</sup> presented by Sudipto Guha and Andrew McGregor in KDD 2018. A number of surveys [6, 12, 13, 19, 23] on the topic of temporal networks is available.

## TUTORIAL MATERIAL

The KDD 2019 edition of the tutorial is accompanied by a website,<sup>2</sup> which contains a full list of references with links to electronic editions, and the slides used in the tutorial presentation.

**Acknowledgements.** This work was supported by three Academy of Finland projects (286211, 313927, and 317085), and the EC H2020 RIA project “SoBigData” (654024).

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<sup>1</sup><https://people.cs.umass.edu/~mcgregor/graphs/>

<sup>2</sup><https://rozensp.github.io/KDD19-tutorial-temporal/>