## Three Principles of Data Science: Predictability, Stability, and Computability

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## **ABSTRACT**

In this talk, I'd like to discuss the intertwining importance and connections of three principles of data science in the title in data-driven decisions.

Making prediction as its central task and embracing computation as its core, machine learning has enabled wide-ranging datadriven successes. Prediction is a useful way to check with reality. Good prediction implicitly assumes stability between past and future. Stability (relative to data and model perturbations) is also a minimum requirement for interpretability and reproducibility of data driven results (cf. Yu, 2013). It is closely related to uncertainty assessment. Obviously, both prediction and stability principles cannot be employed without feasible computational algorithms, hence the importance of computability. The three principles will be demonstrated in the context of two neuroscience projects and through analytical connections. In particular, the first project adds stability to predictive modeling used for reconstruction of movies from fMRI brain signlas for interpretable models. The second project use predictive transfer learning that combines AlexNet, GoogleNet and VGG with single V4 neuron data for state-of-the-art prediction performance. Our results lend support, to a certain extent, to the resemblance of these CNNs to brain and at the same time provide stable pattern interpretations of neurons in the difficult primate visual cortex V4.

B. Yu (2013). Stability. Bernoulli, 19 (4), 1484-1500. (Invited paper for the Special Issue commemorating the 300th anniversary of the publication of Jakob Bernoullis Ars Conjectandi in 1712).

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